

April 2024

Baring International Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited

- This statement provides you with key information about Barings Global Resources Fund (the "Fund").
- This statement is a part of the offering document.
- You should not invest in the Fund based on this statement alone.

QUICK FACTS		
Fund Manager	Baring International Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited (the "Manager")	
Investment Manager	Baring Asset Management Limited (internal delegation, in the United Kingdom)	
Depositary	Northern Trust Fiduciary Services (Ireland) Limited	
Ongoing charges over a year:	Distribution Unit Classes (Inc) Accumulation Unit Classes (Acc) Class A USD Inc: 1.96%# Class I GBP Acc: 1.00%# Class A EUR Inc: 1.95%# Class I USD Acc: 1.00%# Class A GBP Inc: 1.95%# Class I EUR Acc: 1.00%^ Class A GBP Inc: 1.95%# Class I EUR Acc: 1.00%^ "The ongoing charges figure is based on the ongoing expenses chargeable to the respective unitclass for the 12-month period ended 31 October 2023 expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the respective unit class for the same period and is based on the information in the latest interim financial statements (covering the period from 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023) and the latest annual financial statements (covering the period from 1 November 2022 to 30 April 2023). This figure may vary from year to year. ^ The ongoing charges figures for these unlaunched unit classes are estimates only and are based on ongoing charges figure for a reference unit class which has a similar fee structure. The actual figures may be different upon actual operation of the unit classes and the figures may vary from year.	
Dealing frequency	Daily	
Base currency	USD	
Dividend policy*	 For Distribution Unit Classes (Inc), dividends, if declared, will be paid. For Accumulation Unit Classes (Acc), no dividend will be paid. * The Fund normally pays dividends out of surplus net income. However, the Manager may also distribute such part of any capital gains less realised and unrealised capital losses as, in its opinion, 	
	is appropriate to maintain a satisfactory level of distribution. Payment of distributions out of unrealised capital gains amounts to distribution out of capital under Hong Kong regulatory disclosure requirements and payment of distributions under such circumstances may result in an immediate reduction of the Fund's net asset value per unit.	
Financial year end	30 April	

Barings Global Resources Fund

			0
Min. investment:		Initial min. investment:	Subsequent min. investment:
	Distribution Unit Classes (Inc)		
	Class A USD Inc	USD5,000	USD500
	Class A EUR Inc	EUR3,500	EUR500
	Class A GBP Inc	GBP2,500	GBP500
	Accumulation Unit Classes (Acc)	
	Class I GBP Acc	GBP10,000,000	GBP500
	Class I USD Acc	USD10,000,000	USD500
	Class I EUR Acc	EUR10,000,000	EUR500
	Class A USD Acc	USD5,000	USD500

WHAT IS THIS PRODUCT?

Barings Global Resources Fund is a sub-fund of Barings Global Umbrella Fund, which is a unit trust domiciled in Ireland. Its home regulator is the Central Bank of Ireland.

OBJECTIVES AND INVESTMENT STRATEGY

Objectives

To achieve long-term capital appreciation through investment in a diversified portfolio of the securities of Commodity Producers, being issuers engaged in the extraction, production, processing and/or trading of commodities such as oil, gold, aluminium, coffee and sugar.

Strategy

The Fund will invest at least 70% of its net asset value at any one time in a diversified portfolio of the securities of Commodity Producers. The Manager will identify world-wide commodities experiencing, or expected to experience, strong demand growth and select appropriate companies for analysis and possible investment. In the process of active management the portfolio will be repositioned from time to time to take advantage of changing opportunities.

The Fund will invest principally in the listed equity-related securities (such as structured notes, participation notes or equitylinked notes) of Commodity Producers, a small proportion of which may be relatively illiquid due to smaller capitalisation or being in new markets. Subject to the regulations applicable to the Fund, the Fund may also invest, to a limited extent, in the shares of issuers which are not yet listed but are expected to obtain a stock market quotation within a reasonable period of time. The Fund may also invest less than 30% of its net asset value in cash and ancillary liquidities.

The Fund will invest at least 50% of the Fund's net asset value in equities of issuers that exhibit positive or improving environmental, social and governance ("**ESG**") characteristics. Issuers that exhibit positive or improving ESG characteristics are assessed through the Investment Manager's proprietary research. Furthermore, the Fund may also invest up to 50% of its net asset value in equities and equity related securities of issuers that exhibit less positive ESG characteristics.

With regard to investment in China, no more than 10% of the Fund's net asset value may at any one time be invested directly or indirectly in China A shares or B shares. It is anticipated that this exposure will be obtained either directly through investment in China A shares listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange and Shenzhen Stock Exchange via the Shanghai Hong Kong Stock Connect Scheme or indirectly through investment in other eligible collective investment schemes or participation notes.

The Fund may also invest up to a maximum of 10% of the net asset value of the Fund in collective investment schemes.

Under exceptional circumstances (e.g. economic conditions, political risks or world events, high downside risks during uncertainties, or closure of relevant market(s) due to unexpected events, such as political unrest, war or bankruptcy of large financial institutions), the Fund may temporarily invest up to 100% of its net asset value in cash, deposits, treasury bills, government bonds or short-term money market instruments or have substantial holdings in cash and cash equivalents.

The Fund may use financial derivative instruments ("**FDIs**") (including warrants, futures, options, currency forward contracts, (including non-deliverable forwards), swap agreements and contracts for difference) for efficient portfolio management (including hedging) and investment purposes.

The derivative techniques may include, but are not limited to: (i) hedging a currency exposure; (ii) using FDIs as a substitute for taking a position in the underlying asset where the Investment Manager feels that a derivative exposure to the underlying asset represents better value than a direct exposure; (iii) tailoring the Fund's interest rate exposure to the Investment Manager's outlook for interest rates; and/or (iv) gaining an exposure to the composition and performance of a particular index

which are consistent with the investment objective and policies of the Fund.

The Fund adheres to the investment restrictions required to qualify as "equity fund" pursuant to section 2 paragraph 6 of the German Investment Tax Act (*Investmentsteuergesetz*) ("**GITA**") and continuously invests more than 50% of its net asset value in equity participations within the meaning of section 2 paragraph 8 GITA.

USE OF DERIVATIVES

The Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of the Fund's net asset value.

WHAT ARE THE KEY RISKS?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the offering document for details including the risk factors.

1. Investment risk

 The Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Fund may suffer losses. The Fund is an investment fund and is not in the nature of a bank deposit. There is no guarantee of repayment of principal.

2. Risks of investment in equities and equity-related securities

- The Fund's investment in equity securities is subject to general market risks, whose value may fluctuate due to various factors, such as changes in investment sentiment, political and economic conditions and issuer-specific factors.
- The Fund may invest in equity-related securities such as structured notes, participation notes or equity-linked notes. These are usually issued by a broker, an investment bank or a company and are therefore subject to the risk of insolvency or default of the issuer. If there is no active market in these instruments, this may lead to liquidity risk. Further, investment in equity-linked securities may lead to dilution of performance of the Fund when compared to the other funds which invest directly in similar underlying assets due to fees embedded in the equity-related securities. The aforesaid circumstances may adversely affect the net asset value per unit of the Fund.
- Securities exchanges typically have the right to suspend or limit trading in any instrument traded on that exchange. Governments or the regulators may also implement policies that may affect the financial markets. A suspension could render it impossible for the Investment Manager or an underlying fund manager to liquidate positions and thereby expose the Fund to losses and may have a negative impact on the Fund.

3. Risk associated with investment in specific sectors and countries

- The Fund may be concentrated in the Commodity Producers. The value of the Fund may be more volatile than that
 of a fund having a more diverse portfolio of investments.
- In light of ongoing concerns on the sovereign debt risk of certain countries within the Eurozone, the Fund's investments in the region may be subject to higher volatility, liquidity, currency and default risks. Any adverse events, such as credit downgrade of a sovereign or exit of EU members from the Eurozone, may have a negative impact on the value of the Fund.

4. Risk associated with small-capitalisation / mid-capitalisation companies

The stock of small-capitalisation and mid-capitalisation companies may have lower liquidity and their prices are more volatile to adverse economic developments than those of larger capitalisation companies in general. Risks include economic risks, such as lack of product depth, limited geographical diversification, increased sensitivity to the business cycle and organisational risk, such as concentration of management and shareholders and key-person dependence. Shares in smaller companies can be more difficult to buy and sell, resulting in less flexibility, and sometimes higher costs, in implementing investment decisions.

5. Emerging market investment risk

- The Fund may invest in securities of issuers operating in emerging markets. Investing in emerging markets may involve increased risks and special considerations not typically associated with investment in more developed markets, such as liquidity risks, currency risks/control, political and economic uncertainties, legal and taxation risks, settlement risks, custody risk and the likelihood of a high degree of volatility.
- High market volatility and potential settlement difficulties in such markets may also result in significant fluctuations in the prices of the securities traded on such markets and thereby may adversely affect the value of the Fund.

6. Risks of ESG integration and promotion of ESG characteristics

• The Investment Manager integrates ESG information into the investment process. In addition to ESG integration, the Fund also promotes ESG factors or characteristics within their investment policies. The use of ESG information may

affect the Fund's investment performance and, as such, may perform differently compared to similar collective investment schemes.

- The Investment Manager may use third-party resources that provide ESG information. In evaluating an investment, the Investment Manager is dependent upon such information and data, which may be incomplete, inaccurate or unavailable. There is no guarantee that such ESG information or the way in which it is implemented is fair, correct, accurate, reasonable or complete.
- Investor and societal sentiment towards ESG concepts and topics may change over time, which may affect the demand for ESG-based investments and may also affect their (and, in turn, the Fund's) performance.

7. Risks associated with FDIs

- The Fund may have exposure to FDIs for investment purposes or for efficient portfolio management. Risks associated
 with FDIs include counterparty/credit risk, liquidity risk, valuation risk, volatility risk and over-the-counter transaction
 risk. The leverage element/component of a FDI can result in a loss significantly greater than the amount invested in
 the FDI by the Fund. Exposure to FDIs may lead to a high risk of significant loss by the Fund.
- Furthermore, there is no guarantee that the Fund's use of FDIs for hedging will be entirely effective and in adverse situations, where the use of FDIs becomes ineffective, the Fund may suffer significant loss.

8. Liquidity risk

 Market liquidity in the emerging markets may be lower than the more developed markets so that the purchase and sale of holding may take longer. The Fund may also encounter difficulties in disposing of securities or FDIs at their fair market price.

9. Counterparty risk

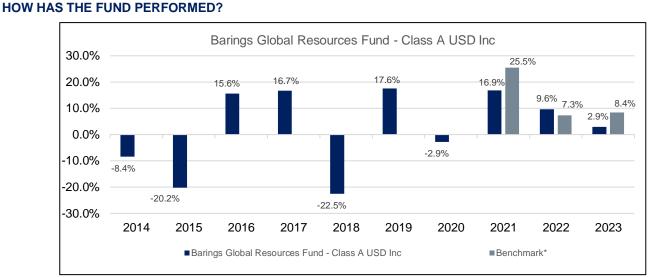
 Counterparty risk is the risk that an organization does not pay out on a bond or other trade or transaction when it is supposed to. If a counterparty fails to honour its obligations in a timely manner and the Fund is delayed or prevented from exercising its rights with respect to the investments in its portfolio, it may experience a decline in the value of its position, lose income and/or incur costs associated with asserting its rights.

10. Currency risk

 The underlying investments of the Fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency of the Fund. Also, a class of units of the Fund may be designated in a currency other than the base currency of the Fund. The net asset value of the Fund may be affected unfavourably by fluctuations in the exchange rates between these currencies and the base currency and by changes in exchange rate controls.

11. Charges deducted from capital/risks relating to distribution

- The Fund normally pays its management fee and other fees and expenses out of income (in accordance with Irish accounting guidelines). However, where insufficient income is available, the Manager may pay some or all of its management fee and other fees and expenses out of capital and out of both realised and unrealised capital gains less realised and unrealised capital losses. Where the management fee and other fees and expenses are deducted from capital rather than income generated, this may constrain growth and could erode capital.
- The Fund normally pays dividends out of surplus net income. However, the Manager may also distribute such part of any capital gains less realised and unrealised capital losses as, in its opinion, is appropriate to maintain a satisfactory level of distribution. Payment of distributions out of unrealised capital gains amounts to distribution out of capital under Hong Kong regulatory disclosure requirements and that payment of distributions under such circumstances amounts to a return or withdrawal of part of an investor's original investment or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Any distributions involving payment of unrealised capital gains as dividends (which means effectively paying dividend out of capital) may result in an immediate reduction of the Fund's net asset value per unit.



Source: Barings

- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-To-NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the Class A USD Inc increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in US dollars, including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have to pay.
- Class A USD Inc is selected as representative unit class as it is a unit class offered to the public in Hong Kong and is denominated in the Fund's base currency.
- * The Fund formally adopted 60%/40% MSCI All Country World Energy/MSCI All Country World Material (Total Net Return) Index as the benchmark with effect from 31 August 2020 which is used only for risk management and performance comparison purposes. With effect from 31 March 2021, the benchmark has changed to Free-Float MSCI All Country World Energy/Materials (Total Net Return) Index which is used only for risk management and performance comparison purposes. The benchmark changed as the current benchmark is considered more representative of the investment policy of the Fund. The Fund is not designed to track the benchmark and its investments are not constrained by the benchmark.
- Since the benchmark has been adopted for less than a full calendar year in 2020, the past performance of the benchmark prior to and including 2020 is not provided.
- Fund launch date: 12 December 1994
- Class A USD Inc launch date: 12 December 1994

IS THERE ANY GUARANTEE?

The Fund does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

WHAT ARE THE FEES AND CHARGES?

Charges which may be payable by you

You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in the units of the Fund.

Fee	What you pay
Subscription fee (Preliminary charge)	Class A Units: up to 5% of the net asset value per unit Class I Units: Nil
Switching fee (Conversion charge)	Nil

Redemption fee (Redemption charge)	Class A and Class I Units: Nil*
------------------------------------	---------------------------------

Ongoing fees payable by the Fund

The following expenses will be paid out of the Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

	Annual rate (as a % of the Fund's net asset value ("NAV")), unless otherwise specified
Management fee	Class A Units: 1.50% of the Fund's NAV attributable to the Class Class I Units: 0.75% of the Fund's NAV attributable to the Class
Depositary fee	Included in the Administration, Depositary and Operating Fee
Performance fee	Not applicable
Administration, Depositary and Operating Fee**	Class A Units: 0.45% of the Fund's NAV attributable to the Class Class I Units: 0.25% of the Fund's NAV attributable to the Class
Transaction charge	At normal commercial rates
Distributor fee	Not applicable

* At least 1 month's notice will be given to investors should any redemption fees be charged or increased up to the specified permitted maximum level as set out in the offering document.

** The Administration, Depositary and Operating Fee includes the aggregate fees and expenses of the Administrator and Depositary and certain other fees and ongoing expenses. Please refer to the offering document for further details.

Other fees

You may have to pay other fees when dealing in the units of the Fund. The Fund will also bear the costs which are directly attributable to it, as set out in the offering document.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- You generally subscribe and redeem units at the Fund's next-determined NAV per unit attributable to the relevant unit class after your request is received in good order by Baring Asset Management (Asia) Limited, our Hong Kong Representative, by 5 p.m. Hong Kong time on a Hong Kong Business Day¹ which is also a Dealing Day or the Manager by 12 noon Irish time on a Dealing Day. Dealing Days are every business day on which banks in both Ireland and the United Kingdom are open for business (excluding Saturday or Sunday). Before placing your subscription, redemption and/or conversion orders, please check with your distributor for the distributor's internal dealing deadline (which may be earlier than the Fund's dealing deadline).
- The NAV of the Fund is calculated and the prices of unit of the relevant unit classes are published for each Dealing Day, and are available online at www.barings.com².
- The composition of the dividends (i.e. the relative amounts paid out of net distributable income and capital) for the last 12 months can be obtained either through the Hong Kong Representative's website at www.barings.com² or from the Hong Kong Representative on request.
- Investors may obtain the past performance information of other unit classes offered to Hong Kong investors from www.barings.com².

IMPORTANT

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

¹ "Hong Kong Business Day" means a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which banks in Hong Kong are open for normal business, provided that where as a result of a number 8 typhoon signal, black rainstorm warning or other similar event, the period during which banks in Hong Kong are open on any day is reduced, such day shall not be a Hong Kong Business Day unless the Manager and the Depositary determine otherwise or such other day or days as the Manager and the Depositary may determine. ² This website has not been reviewed by the SFC and it may contain information of funds which are not authorised by the SFC.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.